

## A new Miocene sirenian from Kutch, India

J.G.M. Thewissen and Sunil Bajpai

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We report a new Miocene sirenian from District Kutch, State of Gujarat, India: *Domingia sodhae* gen. et sp. nov. The new species is a dugongine dugongid with flattened tusk-like upper incisors. Like some other Miocene dugongids, *Domningia* is large and has complex, bilophodont molars and three-rooted premolars, which are strongly worn. The rostrum is downturned significantly, similar to modern dugongs, and indicative of a specialized feeding mode. Phylogenetically, it is closely related to *Dioplotherium*, *Rytiodus*, *Corystosiren*, and *Bharatisiren*. Among these, *Domningia* is most similar to *Bharatisiren indica* and *Dioplotherium manigaulti*, in that all three taxa retain multi-rooted premolars. Similar to *Bharatisiren*, the nasal process of the premaxilla is long. *Bharatisiren* and *Domningia* are part of a late Oligocene and early Miocene radiation of dugongines in South Asia.

**Key words:** Mammalia, Sirenia, Miocene, India.

J.G.M. Thewissen [[thewisse@neoucom.edu](mailto:thewisse@neoucom.edu)], Department of Anatomy and Neurobiology, Northeastern Ohio Universities College of Medicine, 4209 State Route 44, P.O. Box 95 Rootstown, Ohio 44272, USA; Sunil Bajpai [[sunifes@iitr.ernet.in](mailto:sunifes@iitr.ernet.in)], Department of Earth Sciences, Indian Institute of Technology, Roorkee, 247 667 Uttarakhand, India.

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